Strengthening the ties between the science and technology community and private corporations

Rajib Shaw

Professor, Keio University, Japan Advisor, IRDR IPO

SFDRR and Private Sectors

- Integrate disaster risk management, including business continuity, into business models and practices via disaster risk-informed investments, especially in micro, small and medium -sized enterprises;
- Engage in awareness-raising and training for their employees and customers;
- Engage in and support research and innovation as well as technological development for disaster risk management;
- Share and disseminate knowledge, practices and non-sensitive data; and
- Actively participate, as appropriate and under the guidance of the public sector, in the development of normative frameworks and technical standards that incorporate disaster risk management

Ways of Private sector involvement

Direct assistance to communities (emergency distribution, search and rescue, etc.)

Disaster preparedness for own business (BCP/BCM, response and recovery plans, etc.) Developing innovative products based on business, technology, and expertise (insurance, communication, infrastructure, etc.)

Joint projects with NGOs, governments, and international organizations as implementer, not donor

Establishment of private foundations, NGOs, and trusts

Global and regional [Private sector as major stakeholder]

Major Group National [Professional Development, Chamber of Commerce involvement]

Legislation

emergency response]

Advocacy

National Platform

Urban [BCP/ Safety/ ISO 22301] Rural [development business]





Resilient Societies (ARISE) is an initiative of UNISDR and recognized private sector stakeholder group with over 140 member companies and organizations, headquartered in 38 countries and active in 150 countries around the world.

MISSION STATEMENT: "To create risk-resilient societies by energizing the private sector in collaboration with the public sector and other stakeholders to achieve the outcome and goal of the Sendai Framework in a transparent and inclusive way that delivers local and measurable impact."

Membership through commitment Raise awareness of disaster risk Influence Share knowledge Catalyse Implement

Collaboration through th	nemes
1 DRM Strategies	
2 Investment Metrics	
3 Benchmarking & Standa	rds
4 Education and training	
5 Legal and Regulatory	
6 Urban DRR & Resilience	
7 Insurance	





Ambitious initiatives & projects

Sendai Framework implementation via ARISE projects



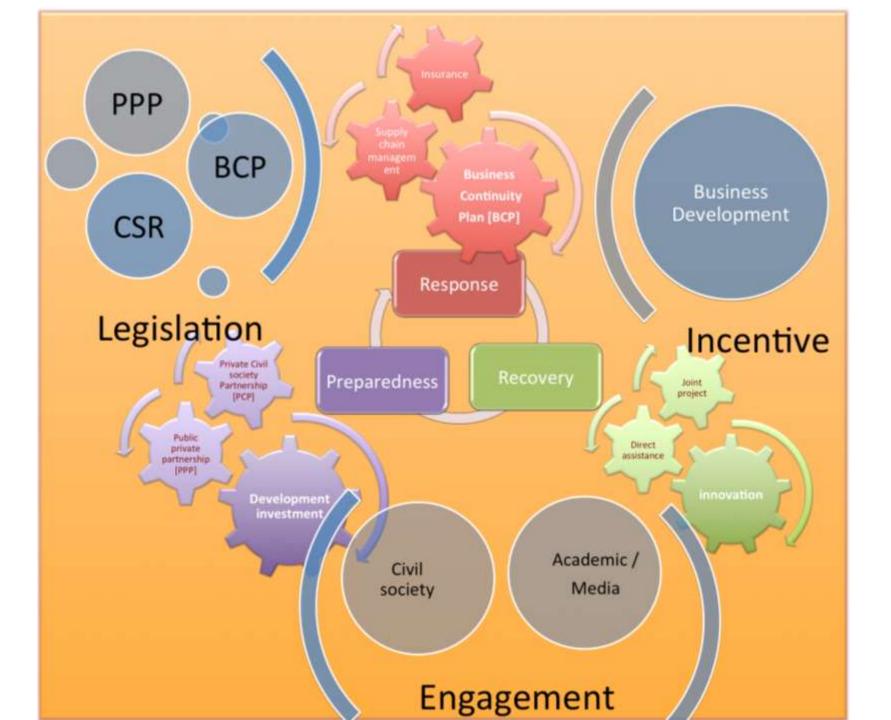
Private Sector Science partnership: example from Bangladesh



Rural risk reduction (water stress in saline area) INGO-local government-private sector-university Collaboration

Innovation in product, water sharing, and Affordability





Summary: Private Sector partnership

- Depending on nature of business, private sector needs differential approach
- From traditional CSR activity to core business in risk reduction
- Urban and rural areas need different approaches
- Post disaster provides good opportunity for private sector involvement

